

# Exam

## Preparatory Course Computer Science and Mathematics

### Programming

1. What is the output of the following script?

```
x = -3.5
if x > 0:
    print("Yes")
else:
    print("No")
print("Goodbye")
```

2. What is the output of the following script? What value does  $a$  have at the end of the script?

```
a = 3
while a <= 10:
    print(a)
    a = a + 2
print("Hello")

a = a + 1
```

3. Assume that  $x$  is a variable that has a floating point number as its value. Write a script that prints "x is greater than 2" if  $x$  is greater than 2, "x is smaller than 2" if  $x$  is smaller than 2, and "x is equal to 2" if  $x$  is equal to 2.

4. What is the output of the following script?

```
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 5, 8]
numbers[2] = 4
for number in numbers:
    number2 = number * number
    print(number2)
```

5. Write a Python function that receives two arguments and returns the product of the two arguments. Call that function with the arguments 2 and 3.

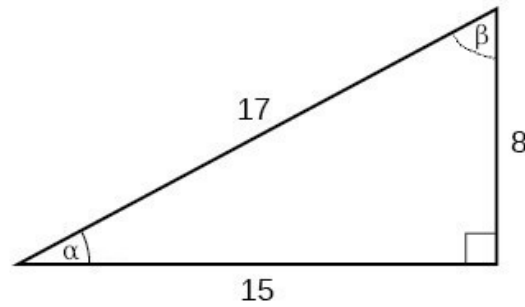
### Functions

6. Let  $f(x) = 3(x - 2)^2$ . Which of the following is true? Just list the letters of the true statements.

- (a)  $f$  is the result of translating the function  $g(x) = 3x^2$  by 3 along the y axis
- (b)  $f$  is the result of translating the function  $h(x) = (x - 2)^2$  by 3 along the y axis
- (c)  $f$  is the result of translating the function  $i(x) = 3x^2$  by 2 along the x axis
- (d)  $f$  is the result of compressing the function  $j(x) = (x - 2)^2$  by a factor of 3
- (e)  $f$  is the result of scaling the function  $k(x) = (x - 2)^2$  by a factor of 3

## Linear Algebra

7. Calculate the angle  $\beta$  in the following right triangle:



Note: You can calculate the inverse sine of a number  $x$  by entering  $\arcsin(x)$  into wolframalpha.com or google.com. Same for  $\arccos(x)$  and  $\arctan(x)$ .

8. Let  $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . Calculate the angle between the two vectors using the formula  $\alpha = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\langle \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b} \rangle}{\|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\|} \right)$ .
9. Calculate  $2 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
10. (bonus) Calculate  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
11. (bonus) Calculate  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

## Derivatives

12. Calculate the derivative and local extremum of  $f(x) = 2x^2 + x + 3$
13. Calculate the derivative of  $h(x) = 2e^{2x}$
14. Calculate the derivative of  $j(x) = x^2(5x^2 + x)$  using the product rule.

## Integration

15. The antiderivative of the function  $f(x) = 2x + 3$  is  $F(x) = x^2 + 3x$ . Calculate the integral  $\int_1^3 f(x) dx$ .
16. Assume that there is a function  $s$  such that  $s(x) = 2$  in the interval  $[2, 3)$  and  $s(x) = 3$  in the interval  $[3, 4]$ . Calculate  $\int_2^4 s(x) dx$ .